

# The Challenge of Cyber Security Threats

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# Emergency Preparedness Is Tough

- Terrorism
- Natural Disaster
- Insider Threats
- Technology Failures
- Crime
- Cyber-Security



# Some Lessons Learned

- 9/11 and Data Centers
- 9/11 and Internet
- Katrina and Data Centers
- Katrina and Sustainability
- Fukushima Reactors



# Converging Disasters: December, 2007



# Hackers: Not All The Same



- For Profit
- Nation State
- Hacktivists
- Terrorists



# Cold War Era: Siberian Pipeline

Contrived computer chips (would make) their way into Soviet military equipment, flawed turbines were installed on a gas pipeline, and defective plans disrupted the output of chemical plants and a tractor factory.



# Modern Era: Stuxnet

- Transmitted by USB flash drive
- Exploited flaws in Siemens controllers
- Targeted Iran specifically



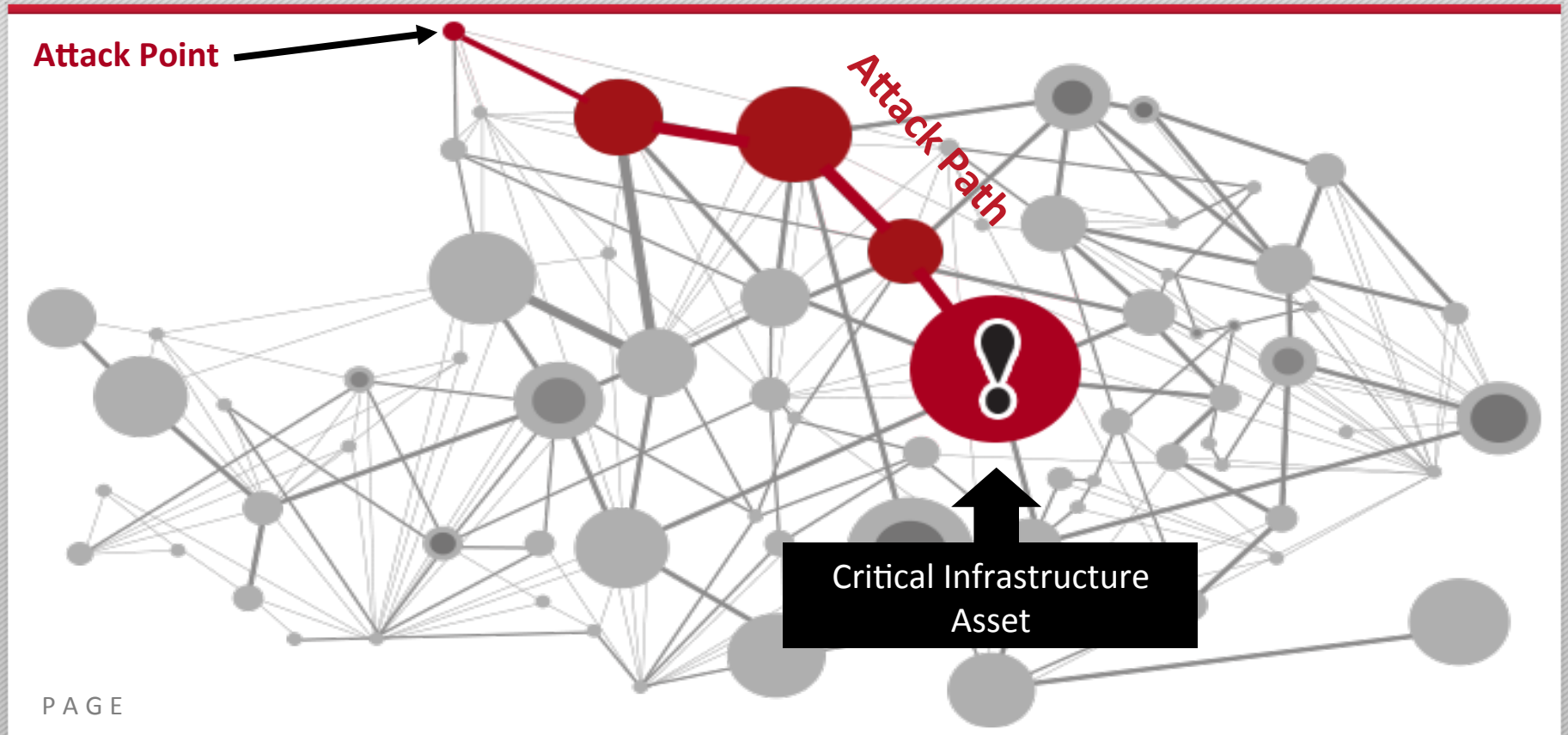
# Cyberthreat #1: The Distraction

- For Profit Bad Guy
- Malicious Software introduced into network
- Opportunistic Attack
- Distraction from real emergency



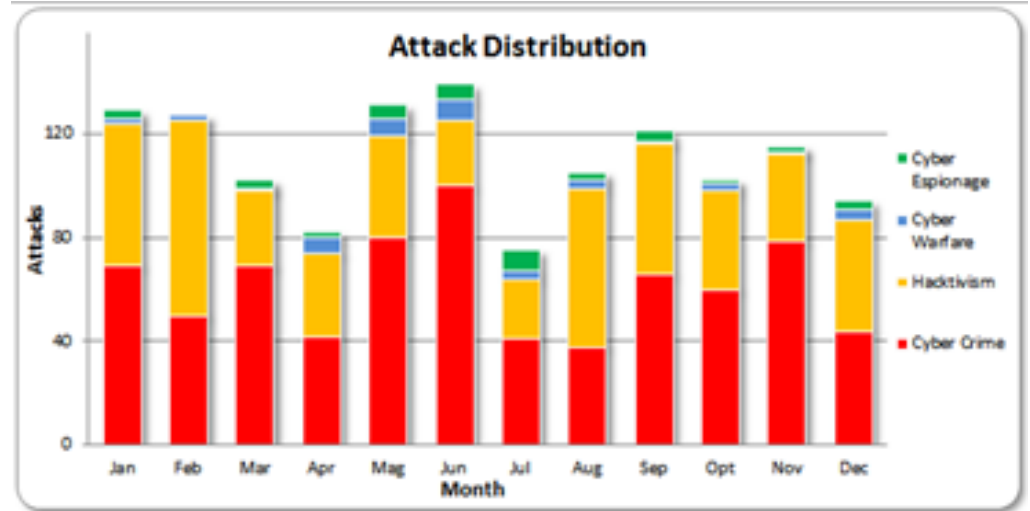


# Cyberthreat #2: The Main Event



# Cyberthreat #3: Hacktivism

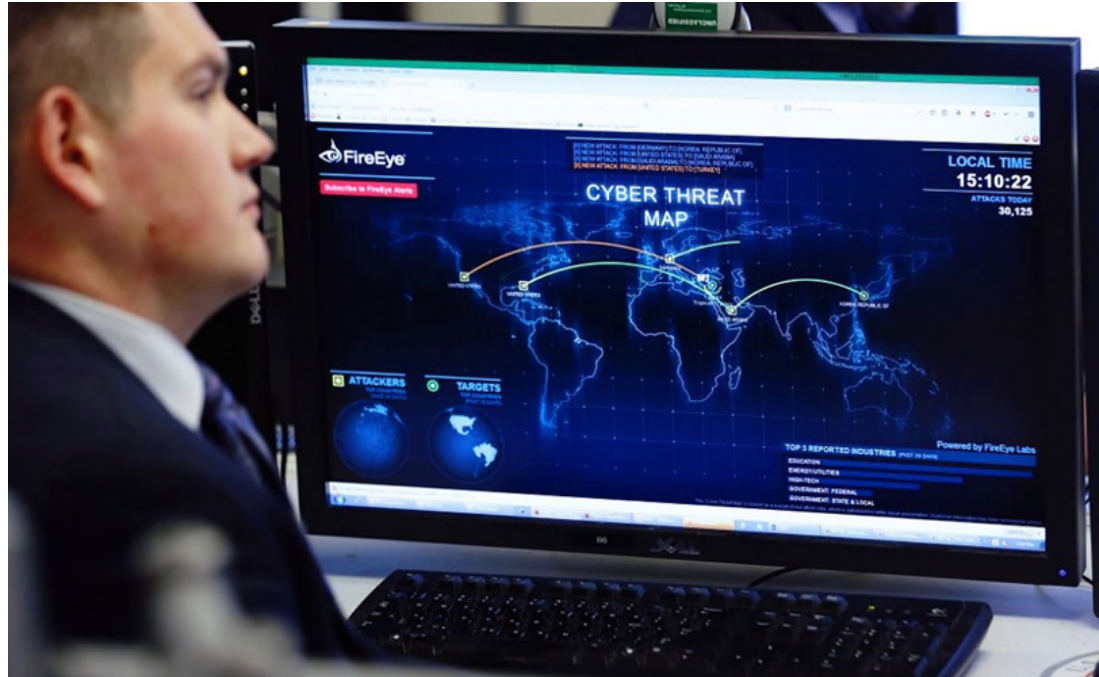
- Trying to “change the world”
- Often focused on headline events
- Many different attack types
- Targets have included Global1000, governments, churches, hospitals, more



Known Cyber Attack Distribution, 2012

# Cyberthreat #4: The Nightmare Scenario

- Converged Attack
- Coordinated across the physical and cyber spectrum
- Disrupts communications, command and control
- Empowers physical attacks







# Preparing For The Future

- Integrated Defenses and Coordinated Processes
  - Cyber security, IT, Physical Security, Law Enforcement
- Resilient Capabilities
  - Multiple types of communication
  - Electronic systems able to resist denial of service attacks
- Prepared for electronic intrusion
- Computer Downtime Plans
- Table top exercises
- Increase staff skills

